

Student: _____	Instructor: Joe Betters	Assignment: 7.4 Classwork (Day 1)
Date: _____	Course: Pre-Calculus Pre AP (Master Course)	

1. Establish the identity.

$$\frac{2 \csc \theta}{\sec \theta} + \frac{4 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = 6 \cot \theta$$

Write the left side of the identity in terms of sine and cosine. Rewrite the numerator and denominator separately.

$$\frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}} + \frac{4 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \text{ (Do not simplify.)}$$

Simplify the fraction from the previous step such that both the fractions have the common denominator $\sin \theta$.

$$\frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}{\sin \theta} + \frac{4 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

The expression from the previous step then simplifies to $6 \cot \theta$ using what?

- A. Addition and an Even-Odd Identity
 B. Addition and a Pythagorean Identity
 C. Addition and a Quotient Identity
 D. Addition and the Cancellation Property
 E. Addition and a Reciprocal Identity

2. Establish the identity.

$$\frac{\sec \theta}{1 + \sin \theta} = \frac{1 - \sin \theta}{\cos^3 \theta}$$

Write the right side quotient as a product of two fractions.

$$\frac{1}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}} \text{ (Do not simplify.)}$$

Apply an appropriate Pythagorean identity to the right side of the previous step. Simplify by canceling common factors.

$$\frac{1}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{1}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}} \text{ (Simplify your answer.)}$$

The expression from the previous step then simplifies to $\frac{\sec \theta}{1 + \sin \theta}$ using what?

- A. Quotient Identity
 B. Even-Odd Identity
 C. Reciprocal Identity
 D. Pythagorean Identity
 E. Cancellation Property

3. A searchlight casts a spot of light on a wall located 80 meters from the searchlight. The acceleration \ddot{r} of the spot of light is found to be $\ddot{r} = 1050 \tan \theta (2 \tan^2 \theta + 1)$. Show that this is equivalent to $\ddot{r} = \frac{1050(1 + \csc^2 \theta)}{\cot^3 \theta}$.

Rewrite $1050 \tan \theta (2 \tan^2 \theta + 1)$ by applying a reciprocal identity.

$$\frac{1050}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}} \left(\frac{2}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}} + 1 \right)$$

Write the expression from the previous step as a single fraction.

$$\frac{1050(2 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}})}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}$$

The fraction from the previous step then simplifies to $\frac{1050(1 + \csc^2 \theta)}{\cot^3 \theta}$ using what?

- A. Cancellation Property
- B. Even-Odd Identity
- C. Reciprocal Identity
- D. Pythagorean Identity
- E. Quotient Identity

1. $\frac{2}{\sin \theta}$

$\frac{1}{\cos \theta}$

$2 \cos \theta$

C. Addition and a Quotient Identity

2. $1 - \sin \theta$

$\cos^2 \theta$

$1 + \sin \theta$

C. Reciprocal Identity

3. $\cot \theta$

$\cot^2 \theta$

$\cot^2 \theta$

$\cot^3 \theta$

D. Pythagorean Identity

7.4 classwork day 1

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{2 \csc \theta}{\sec \theta} + \frac{4 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = 6 \cot \theta$$

$$\boxed{\frac{2(\frac{1}{\sin \theta})}{(\frac{1}{\cos \theta})}} + \frac{4 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = 6 \cot \theta$$

$$\boxed{\frac{2 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta}} + \frac{4 \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = 6 \cot \theta$$

$$2 \cot \theta + 4 \cot \theta = 6 \cot \theta$$

Quotient

$$6 \cot \theta = 6 \cot \theta$$

Addition

\boxed{C} Addition and Quotient Identity

7.4 classwork day 1 continued

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\sec \theta}{1 + \sin \theta} = \frac{1 - \sin \theta}{\cos^3 \theta}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\boxed{1 - \sin \theta}}{\boxed{\cos^2 \theta}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{(1 - \sin \theta)}{(1 - \sin^2 \theta)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{\cancel{(1 - \sin \theta)}}{\cancel{(1 - \sin \theta)}(1 + \sin \theta)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \cdot \frac{1}{\boxed{1 + \sin \theta}}$$

$$= \frac{\sec \theta}{1 + \sin \theta}$$

$$* \cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sec \theta}$$

\boxed{C} reciprocal identity

7.4 classwork day 1 continued

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 1050 \tan \theta (2 + \tan^2 \theta + 1)$$

$$\frac{1050}{\cot \theta} \left(\frac{2}{\cot^2 \theta} + 1 \right)$$

$$* \tan \theta = \frac{1}{\cot \theta}$$

$$\frac{1050}{\cot \theta} \left(\frac{2 + \cot^2 \theta}{\cot^2 \theta} \right)$$

$$\frac{1050 (2 + \cot^2 \theta)}{\cot^3 \theta}$$

$$\frac{1050 (2 + (\csc^2 \theta - 1))}{\cot^3 \theta}$$

$$\frac{1050 (1 + \csc^2 \theta)}{\cot^3 \theta}$$

\square D pythagorean Identity